



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TIDEWATER REGIONAL OFFICE

Molly Joseph Ward
Secretary of Natural Resources

5636 Southern Boulevard, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23462
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David K. Paylor
Director

Maria R. Nold
Regional Director

June 10, 2016

Mr. Edward G. Henifin, P.E.
General Manager
Hampton Roads Sanitation District
Virginia Initiative WWTP
PO Box 5911
Virginia Beach, Virginia 23471-0911

Location: Norfolk
Registration Number: 60350

Dear Mr. Henifin:

Attached is an amended Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) to operate the Virginia Initiative WWTP with sludge incineration pursuant to 9 VAC 5 Chapter 80 of the Virginia Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution. This permit supersedes your previous permit dated December 21, 2015.

The permit contains legally enforceable conditions. Failure to comply may result in a Notice of Violation and civil penalty. Please read all permit conditions carefully.

This approval to operate does not relieve HRSD of the responsibility to comply with all other local, state, and federal permit regulations.

Issuance of this permit is a case decision. The Regulations, at 9 VAC 5-170-200, provide that you may request a formal hearing from this case decision by filing a petition with the Board within 30 days after this permit is mailed or delivered to you. Please consult that and other relevant provisions for additional requirements for such requests.

Additionally, as provided by Rule 2A:2 of the Supreme Court of Virginia, you have 30 calendar days from the date you actually received this permit or the date on which it was mailed to you, whichever occurred first, within which to initiate an appeal to court by filing a Notice of Appeal with:

Mr. David K. Paylor, Director
Department of Environmental Quality
PO Box 1105
Richmond, VA 23218-1105

In the event that you receive this permit by mail, three (3) days are added to the period in which to file an appeal. Please refer to Part 2A of the Rules of the Supreme Court of Virginia for additional information including filing dates and the required content of the Notice of Appeal.

If you have any questions concerning this permit, please call Mr. James White at (757) 518-2180 or by email at james.white@deq.virginia.gov.

Sincerely,

Maria R. Nold
Regional Director

MRN/JIM/60350_009_16_cvrltr_T5minmod_Reopen_HRSD-VIP_NO CAM.doc

Attachments: Permit
Statement of Legal and Factual Basis

cc: Manager, Data Analysis (electronic file submission)
Chief, Permits and Technical Assessment Branch (3AP12), U.S. EPA, Region III (electronic file submission)
Manager/Inspector, Air Compliance



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Federal Operating Permit Article 1

This permit is based upon the requirements of Title V of the Federal Clean Air Act and Chapter 80, Article 1, of the Commonwealth of Virginia Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution. Until such time as this permit is reopened and revised, modified, revoked, terminated or expires, the permittee is authorized to operate in accordance with the terms and conditions contained herein. This permit is issued under the authority of Title 10.1, Chapter 13, §10.1-1322 of the Air Pollution Control Law of Virginia. This permit is issued consistent with the Administrative Process Act and 9VAC5-80-50 through 9VAC5-80-300 of the State Air Pollution Control Board Regulations for the Control and Abatement of Air Pollution of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Authorization to operate a Stationary Source of Air Pollution as described in this permit is hereby granted to:

Permittee Name:	Hampton Roads Sanitation District
Facility Name:	Virginia Initiative WWTP
Facility Location:	4201 Powhatan Road Norfolk, Virginia
Registration Number:	60350
Permit Number:	TRO-60350

This permit includes the following programs:

Federally Enforceable Requirements - Clean Air Act (Pages 6 through 23)
State Only Enforceable Requirements (Page 23)

June 10, 2016

Effective Date

November 6, 2020

Expiration Date

Maria R. Nold

June 10, 2016

Signature Date

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I. Facility Information

Permittee

Hampton Roads Sanitation District
PO Box 5911
Virginia Beach, Virginia 23471

Responsible Official

Mr. Edward G. Henifin, P.E.
General Manager

Facility

Virginia Initiative WWTP
4201 Powhatan Road
Norfolk, Virginia 23508

Contact Person

Mr. Mark Feltner
Environmental Scientist
757-460-4254

County-Plant Identification Number: 51-710-00197

Facility Description: NAICS 221320, 562219 and 562213

The Hampton Roads Sanitation District (HRSD) is a political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Virginia and was established as a governmental instrument to provide for the public health and welfare by abating water pollution in the Hampton Roads area through the interception of wastewater outfalls and providing wastewater treatment plants. Each of the HRSD plant facilities meets the definition of a non-industrial Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW) as defined in 40 CFR 63, Subpart VVV. All of the HRSD treatment plants are interconnected for diverting wastewater flow to alternate treatment locations as the area's daily amount of generated wastewater flow varies along with the operational capabilities of each plant. The Virginia Initiative WWTP provides both primary and secondary municipal wastewater treatment for the Hampton Roads area, serving mainly Norfolk clients. The Virginia Initiative WWTP is rated to treat a design maximum average dry weather flow rate of 40 million gallon per day (mgd). The facility process units are grouped into four main functions: liquids management, solids handling, sludge incineration, and electrical generators.

Liquids management - Liquids management consists of all of the unit processes that treat the received wastewater prior to discharge to the Elizabeth River. These unit processes include the septic tank truck unloading station, headworks (influent screening and pumping)/grit removal chamber, aerobic, anaerobic, anoxic reactors, primary and secondary clarification, and disinfection contact basins (exist tank and new contact channel).

Solids handling - Solids handling consists of unit processes that treat liquid treatment by-product streams before disposal. These streams consist of primary solids from the Primary Solids day tank, the primary scum concentrators, waste activated solids and side-stream solids from a local waste treatment facility. The solids are processed through pumps to a dewatering centrifuge then screws route the dry solids to a belt that conveys solids to the incinerator.

Sludge incineration - Sludge incinerator units are comprised of two identical multi-hearth incinerators used to dispose of dewatered solids from the solids handling sections. Each incinerator has 10 hearths, a dedicated induced-draft fan, and air pollution control equipment for particulate matter consisting of a pre-cooler, venturi scrubber, and an impingement (tray) scrubber. The incinerators can fire either natural gas or distillate oil as supplemental fuel in the combustion process.

Electrical generators - Four (4) diesel-fired engine emergency generator sets. HRSD is not enrolled in the emergency load response program (ELRP) and does not participate in ISO-declared emergencies. The electrical generators are used only for the occurrence of normal power lost, maintenance, and readiness testing as is allowed for emergency engines in 40 CFR 63 (MACT), Subpart ZZZZ.

II. Emission Units

Equipment to be operated consists of:

Emission Unit ID	Stack ID	Emission Unit Description	Size/Rated Capacity*	Pollution Control Device (PCD) Description	PCD ID	Pollutant Controlled	Applicable Permit Date
Incinerators							
I-1 I-2	2	Multi hearth sludge incinerators (natural gas or distillate oil as backup), 1973	21 burners rated at 2.7 MMBTU/hr each per SSI. 45 dry tons/day (sludge) per SSI	Pre-cooler with Venturi scrubber followed by impingement (tray) scrubber (water only). ARCO Products Model No. VS-37-JS-2070 1973 Venturi replacement - TurboSonic 2010 Sulfur Dioxide scrubber - Monroe 2015	ISBR-1 ISBR-2	PM/PM-10 (Odor)	02/13/73 (State Only)
Liquids Management							
L-1	3a 3b	Liquids Management, 1943 Preliminary Treatment Facility, 2015	40 mgd (dry) (wastewater)	Two stage packed tower scrubber (water plus NaOCl & NaOH). Ershings 1990 Two stage system, 8300 cfm (biological tower followed by NaOH & NaOCl scrubber). BioWay & Daniel Co. 2008	LSBR-1/ LSBR-2	(Odor – H ₂ S)	N/A (State Only)
Solids Handling							
S-1	4a 4b	Solids Handling, 1976	40 mgd (dry)	Two stage packed tower scrubber (water plus NaOCl and NaOH). Ershings 1990	N/A	(Odor – H ₂ S)	N/A (State Only)
Plant Electrical Generators							
G-1 G-2 G-3	1	Three (3) diesel-fired generators with Cummings - QSK78 Series Engines, Model DQLE, 2014	2,500 kW Each	N/A	N/A	N/A	03/17/2014
ISU-CB-31	---	One (1) diesel-fired solids handling emergency generator	107 hp (80 kW)	N/A	N/A	N/A	Pre-2000
Gasoline Dispensing							
T-42	-	Gasoline UST	1,000 gallons	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*The Size/Rated capacity is provided for informational purposes only, and is not an applicable requirement. (9VAC5-80-110, Condition 4 of NSR permit issued 02/13/73 and Condition 2 of NSR permit issued 03/17/2014)

III. Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2)

A. Limitations

1. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Emissions** - Emissions from the operations of each sewage sludge incinerator (SSI) unit (I-1 and I-2) shall not exceed the limits specified in the table below:

Regulated Pollutant	Limitation/Standard	Applicable Requirement	Reference EPA Test Method
Hg	3,200 grams/24-hour period	40 CFR 61, Subpart E, 61.52 (b)	Method 101A, 105, or 29

Compliance with these emission limits may be determined as stated in condition numbers 6, 22, 25, and 31-34.

(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-40-750, Condition 4.iii of 02/13/73 NSR permit and 40 CFR 61.52(b))

2. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Emissions - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - Emissions from the operations of each SSI unit (I-1/I-2) shall not exceed the limits specified by *Table 3* to Subpart MMMM of 40 CFR Part 60 and summarized in the table below:

Pollutant	Limitation ^a
PM	80 mg/dscm
Hydrogen chloride	1.2 parts per million by dry volume
Carbon monoxide	3,800 parts per million by dry volume
Dioxins/furans (total mass basis)	5.0 nanograms per dry standard cubic meter; or
Dioxins/furans (toxic equivalency basis) ^b	0.32 nanograms per dry standard cubic meter
Mercury	0.28 milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
Oxides of nitrogen	220 parts per million by dry volume
Sulfur dioxide	26 parts per million by dry volume
Cadmium	0.095 milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
Lead	0.30 milligrams per dry standard cubic meter
Fugitive emissions from ash handling	Visible emissions of combustion ash from an ash conveying system (including conveyor transfer points) for no more than 5 percent of the hourly observation period

^aAll emission limits are measured at 7 percent oxygen, dry basis at standard conditions.

^bYou have the option to comply with either the dioxin/furan emission limit on a total mass basis or the dioxin/furan emission limit on a toxic equivalency basis.

These emission limits and standards apply at all times the unit is operating and during periods of malfunction. The emission limits and standards apply to emissions from a bypass stack or vent while sewage sludge is in the combustion chamber (i.e. until the sewage sludge feed to the combustor has been cut off for a period of time not less than the sewage sludge incineration residence time.)

(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-40-8220B, and 40 CFR 60.5165)

3. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Operating Requirements - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The permittee shall meet, as applicable, the operating limits and requirements specified in 40 CFR 60.5170 and 40 CFR 60.5175. Compliance shall be demonstrated as specified in 40 CFR 60.5185, 40 CFR 60.5190, 40 CFR 60.5195, 40 CFR 60.5200, 40 CFR 60.5205, 40 CFR 60.5210, and 40 CFR 60.5215. The permittee shall establish and meet operating limits and requirements for each combustion chamber, the fugitive emissions from ash handling and the wet scrubbers as outlined below (see *Table 4* of 40 CFR 60 Subpart MMMM):

For these operating parameters	You must establish these operating limits	And monitor using these minimum frequencies		
		Data measurement	Data recording ^a	Data averaging period for compliance
All sewage sludge incineration units				
Combustion chamber operating temperature (not required if afterburner temperature is monitored)	Minimum combustion chamber operating temperature or afterburner temperature	Continuous	Every 15 minutes	12-hour block
Fugitive emissions from ash handling	Site-specific operating requirements	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Scrubber				
Pressure drop across each wet scrubber	Minimum pressure drop	Continuous	Every 15 minutes	12-hour block
Scrubber liquid flow rate	Minimum flow rate	Continuous	Every 15 minutes	12-hour block
Scrubber liquid pH	Minimum pH	Continuous	Every 15 minutes	3-hour block

^aThis recording time refers to the minimum frequency that the continuous monitor or other measuring device initially records data. For all data recorded every 15 minutes, you must calculate hourly arithmetic averages. For all parameters, you use hourly averages to calculate the 12-hour or 3-hour block average specified in this table for demonstrating compliance. You maintain records of 1-hour averages.
 (9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8290B)

4. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Fuel** - The approved fuels for the SSI units (I-1 and I-2) are natural gas and distillate oil. Distillate oil is defined as fuel oil that meets the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2 under the American Society for Testing and Materials, ASTM D396 “Standard Specification for Fuel Oils” or ASTM D975 “Standard Specification for Diesel Fuel Oil”. A change in the fuels may require a permit to modify and operate.
 (9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 4 of 02/13/73 NSR Permit)
5. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Visible Emission Limit** - Visible emissions from the exhaust stack of the SSI units (I-1 and I-2) shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity except during one six-minute period in any one (1) hour in which visible emissions shall not exceed thirty percent (30%) opacity as determined by EPA Method 9 (reference 40 CFR 60, Appendix A). This condition applies at all times, including startup, shutdown, and malfunction events.
 (9VAC5-50-80, 9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 4.ii of 02/13/73 NSR permit)
6. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Plant Changes** - No changes can be made to the plant operations after a stack test or sludge test has been conducted which would potentially increase mercury emissions above the level determined by the most recent test, until the new emission level has been estimated by calculations and the results reported to EPA and DEQ.
 (9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-60-70 E and 40 CFR 61, Subpart E, 61.53(d)(4) and 61.54(e))

7. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Fugitive Dust/Emissions - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The permittee shall not cause or permit to be discharged into the atmosphere from any ash conveying system (including conveyor transfer points) any visible emissions for more than five percent (5%) of hourly observation period, measured at three (3), 1-hour observation periods as determined by EPA Method 22. (9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8240B)
8. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Limitations - Operator Training and Certification - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The existing SSI units (I-1 and I-2) shall be in compliance with 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55 for operator training and certification as follows:
 - a. The permittee shall comply with the operator training and qualification requirements as stated in 40 CFR 60.5130.
 - b. The permittee shall comply with the applicable dates for completing operator training as specified in 40 CFR 60.5135.
 - c. The permittee shall obtain/maintain operator qualification as specified in 40 CFR 60.5140 and 60.5145.
 - d. The permittee shall renew any lapsed operator qualifications as stated in 40 CFR 60.5150.
 - e. If all qualified operators are temporarily not accessible, the permittee shall comply as specified in 40 CFR 60.5155.
 - f. The permittee shall maintain/review documentation regarding operator training and qualification as specified in 40 CFR 60.5160.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8270)

B. Monitoring

9. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Monitoring - Visible Emission Evaluations** - The permittee shall observe the incinerator stack for the operating SSI unit (I-1/I-2) one (1) day during daylight normal operations within the first seven (7) operating days of each month. If visible emissions are noted, the permittee shall take immediate appropriate action to correct the cause of the opacity. If such corrective action fails to correct the problem, a visible emissions evaluation (VEE) shall be conducted for at least six (6) minutes in accordance with Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A). If the VEE average for the six (6) minute period exceeds ten percent (10%), the VEE shall continue for one hour from initiation. All periodic visual evaluations, visible emission evaluations and corrective actions necessary shall be recorded in a logbook. The logbook shall be kept at the facility and made available for inspection by the DEQ for the most recent five (5) year period.
(9VAC5-80-110)
10. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Monitoring - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The permittee shall conduct, as applicable, the monitoring requirements specified by 9VAC5-40-8310 and 40 CFR 60.5220 and 60.5225. The permittee shall monitor the feed rate and moisture content of the sewage sludge fed to the SSI unit as specified in 40 CFR 60.5170(f). The permittee shall continuously monitor the sewage sludge feed rate, calculate a daily average for all hours of operation during each 24-hour period, and keep a record of the daily average feed rate, as specified in §60.5230(f)(3)(ii). The permittee shall take at least one (1) grab sample per day of the sewage sludge fed to the SSI unit. If more than one (1) grab sample is taken in a day, the daily average for the grab samples shall be calculated. A record of the daily average moisture content shall be kept, as specified in §60.5230(f)(3)(ii).
(9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8310)

C. Recordkeeping

11. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Recordkeeping** - The permittee shall obtain a certification from the fuel supplier with each shipment of diesel/distillate oil. Each fuel supplier certification shall include the following:
- The name of the fuel supplier,
 - The date on which the diesel/distillate oil was received,
 - The volume of diesel/distillate oil delivered in the shipment,
 - A statement that the diesel/distillate oil complies with the American Society for Testing and Materials specifications for diesel/distillate fuel oil numbers 1 and 2, and
 - The sulfur content of the diesel/distillate oil.
(9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 4 of 02/13/73 NSR permit)
12. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Recordkeeping** - The permittee shall maintain records of all emission data and operating parameters necessary to demonstrate compliance with this permit. The content and format of such records shall be arranged with the Director, TRO Regional Office. These records shall include, but are not limited to:
- All fuel supplier certifications;
 - Any test for mercury in sludge or any test for mercury in stack emissions;
 - Incinerator visible emission observations, VEE records and any necessary corrective action taken as required by Condition 9; and
 - All applicable records as specified in 9VAC5-40-8320 and 40 CFR 60.5230.
- These records shall be available on site for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent (5) years.
(9VAC5-50-50, 9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-40-8320 and 40 CFR 60.5230)
13. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Recordkeeping - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The permittee shall maintain records, as applicable, in 9VAC5-40-50, 9VAC5-40-50 F and H, 40 CFR 60.7 and 40 CFR 60.5230. All records required by this condition shall be kept on site and made available for inspection by the DEQ.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8320)

D. Testing

14. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Testing - Mercury Testing for Plant Changes** - If plant changes project mercury emissions to exceed 1,600 grams/24-hour period, a test for the level of mercury emissions from one incinerator (I-1 or I-2) shall be conducted within 60 days after the changes have been implemented. The sludge shall be tested for mercury levels using Method 105 of 40 CFR 61, Appendix B and following the requirements of 40 CFR 61.54(c) through 61.54(d), or an incinerator stack test performed using Method 101 A of 40 CFR 61, Appendix B and following the requirements of 40 CFR 61.53(d) or Method 29 of 40 CFR 60, Appendix A. The details of the test(s) are to be arranged with and approved prior to testing by the Director, Tidewater Regional Office.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 61.55(a))

15. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Testing - Performance Testing - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - For each SSI unit (I-1 and I-2), performance testing shall be conducted between 11 and 13 cumulative operating months following the previous performance test conducted on the unit or within 60 calendar days after a process change. If two (2) consecutive performance tests show that emissions for a pollutant are at or below 75 percent of that emission limit specified in *Table 2 or 3* of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart MMMM, then testing for that pollutant can be conducted every third year, but no more than 37 months after the previous performance test.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8310)
16. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Testing** - If testing is conducted in addition to the monitoring specified in this permit, the permittee shall use the appropriate method(s) in accordance with procedures approved by the DEQ.
(9VAC5-80-110)

E. Reporting

17. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Stack Test Protocol** - The permittee shall submit a test protocol for a proposed incinerator stack test to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office at least 30 days prior to the test date.
(9VAC5-80-110)
18. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Stack Test Date** – The permittee shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office, of proposed stack test date(s) at least 30 days prior to the testing date(s).
(9VAC5-80-110)
19. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Stack Test Results** - One copy of the particulate matter stack test results report for the incinerator shall be sent to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office within 60 days of test completion.
(9VAC5-80-110)
20. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Proposed Plant Changes - 40 CFR 61, Subpart E** - Notification of proposed changes to the plant operations which would potentially increase mercury emissions above the level determined by the most recent test under 40 CFR 61, Subpart E, shall be sent at least 30 days prior to implementing such changes along with the new calculated mercury emissions to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office and EPA.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 61.53(d)(4) and 61.54(e))
21. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Mercury Tests and 40 CFR 61, Subpart E** - Notification of proposed stack test date(s) or sludge sampling date(s) for mercury emissions shall be sent to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office and EPA at least 30 days prior to testing dates.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 61.53(d) and 61.54(b))
22. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Mercury Tests and 40 CFR 61, Subpart E** - The stack test determination or sludge test determination for mercury emissions shall be completed within 30 days of sample collection. Each mercury emissions determination shall be dispatched within 15 calendar days of determination via registered letter to the Director, Tidewater Regional Office and EPA.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 61.53(d) and 61.54(f))

23. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - Notices for EPA - 40 CFR 61, Subpart E** - Notices for EPA shall be sent to the following address:

U.S. EPA, Region III
Air Protection (3AP12)
Attn: 40 CFR 61, Subpart E Coordinator
1650 Arch Street
Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

(9VAC5-80-110)

24. **Incinerator Requirements - (I-1 and I-2) - Reporting - 9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 55** - The permittee shall submit reports, as applicable, required by 9VAC5-40-50, 9VAC5-40-50 F and H, 40 CFR 60.7 and 40 CFR 60.5235.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 9VAC5-40-8320)

IV. Emergency Electrical Generators - (G-1, G-2, G-3, and ISU-CB-31)

A. Limitations

25. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - Limitations - Emission Controls** - Nitrogen oxides (NO_x) emissions from the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3) shall be controlled by turbocharged and low temperature after-cooled engines. The permittee shall maintain documentation that demonstrates the control device has been installed on the engine-generator sets.
(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-260 and Condition 3 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
26. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - Limitations - Visible Emissions** - Visible emissions from the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3) shall be controlled by the use of good operating practices and performing appropriate maintenance in accordance with the manufacturer recommendations. In addition, the permittee may only change those settings that are permitted by the manufacturer and does not increase air emissions.
(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-260 and Condition 4 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
27. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - Limitations - Operation** - The permittee shall operate and maintain each emergency electrical generator (G-1 through G-3) and control device according to the manufacturer's written instructions or procedures developed by the permittee that are approved by the engine manufacturer. In addition, the permittee may only change those settings that are permitted by the manufacturer and does not increase air emissions.
(9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 6 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
28. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Limitations - Emergency Power Generation** - The emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) shall only be operated in the following modes:
- a. In situations that arise from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events where the primary energy or power source is disrupted or disconnected due to conditions beyond the control of an owner or operator of a facility including:
 - i. A failure of the electrical grid;
 - ii. On-site disaster or equipment failure; or
 - iii. Public service emergencies such as flood, fire, natural disaster, or severe weather conditions.
 - b. For periodic maintenance checks, readiness testing, and operational training.
- (9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 7 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)

29. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Limitations - Operating Hours** - Each of the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) shall not operate more than 500 hours per year, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months.
 (9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 8 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
30. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Limitations - Fuel** - The approved fuel for the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) is diesel fuel. The diesel fuel shall meet the ASTM D975 specification for S15 diesel fuel oil with a maximum sulfur content per shipment of 0.0015% (15 ppm). A change in the fuel may require a permit to modify and operate.
 (9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-260 and Condition 9 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
31. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Limitations - Visible Emission Limit** - Visible emissions from each of the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) shall not exceed ten percent (10%) opacity except during one six-minute period in any one hour in which visible emissions shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) opacity as determined by the EPA Method 9 (reference 40 CFR 60, Appendix A). This condition applies at all times, including startup, shutdown, and malfunction events.
 (9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-260 and Condition 12 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
32. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - Limitations - Emissions** - Emissions from the operation of the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3) shall not exceed the limits specified below:

Pollutants	Each Generator (lbs/hr)	Each Generator (tons/yr)	Combined (tons/yr)
Particulate Matter (Filterable PM)	0.7	0.2	0.6
Carbon Monoxide	5.2	1.3	3.9
Nitrogen Oxides + Non-Methane Hydrocarbons (NO ₂ + NMHC)	28.1	7.0	21.0

These emissions are derived from the estimated overall emission contribution from operating limits. Exceedance of the operating limits may be considered credible evidence of the exceedance of emission limits. Compliance with these emission limits may be determined as stated in Conditions 25 - 31 and 33 - 35.
 (9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-260 and Condition 11 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)

B. Monitoring

33. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Monitoring - Monitoring Devices** - Each emergency electrical generator (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) shall be equipped with a non-resettable hour metering device to monitor the operating hours. The non-resettable hour meter used to continuously measure the hours of operation for each emergency electrical generator shall be observed by the permittee with a frequency of not less than once each day the engine-generator set is operated. The permittee shall keep a log of these observations. Each monitoring device shall be installed, maintained, and operated in accordance with approved procedures which shall include, as a minimum, the manufacturer’s written requirements or recommendations. Each monitoring device shall be provided with adequate access for inspections and shall be in operation when the engine-generator set is operating.
 (9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 5 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)

34. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Monitoring - Visible Emissions** - The permittee shall observe the exhaust stack on each of the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) for at least one (1) minute when the generator is under full plant load for visible emissions during the time period of the first routine maintenance that is performed after each 500 hours of operation for the engine-generator set(s). If visible emissions are noted, the permittee shall take appropriate action to correct the cause of the opacity. If such corrective action fails to correct the problem, a visible emissions evaluation (VEE) shall be conducted for at least six (6) minutes in accordance with Method 9 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A). If the VEE opacity average for the initial six (6) minutes exceeds five percent (5%), the VEE shall continue for one (1) hour from initiation. All periodic visual evaluations, visible emission evaluations and corrective actions necessary shall be recorded in a logbook. The logbook shall be kept at the facility and made available for inspection by the DEQ for the most recent five (5) year period.
(9VAC5-80-110)
35. **Emergency Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Monitoring - Visible Emission Evaluations (VEE)** - Upon request by the DEQ, the permittee shall conduct additional visible emissions evaluation using EPA Method 9 (reference 40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A) for the emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) to demonstrate compliance with the visible emission limits contained in this permit. The details of the tests shall be arranged with the Director, Tidewater Regional Office.
(9VAC5-80-110)

C. Recordkeeping

36. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Recordkeeping - Fuel Certification** - The permittee shall obtain a certification from the fuel supplier with each shipment of diesel fuel. Each fuel supplier certification shall include the following:
- The name of the fuel supplier;
 - The date on which the diesel fuel was received;
 - The quantity of diesel fuel delivered in the shipment;
 - A statement that the diesel fuel complies with the American Society for Testing and Materials specifications (ASTM D975) for S15 diesel fuel oil; and
 - The sulfur content of the diesel fuel.

Fuel sampling and analysis, independent of that used for certification, as may be periodically required or conducted by DEQ may be used to determine compliance with the fuel specifications stipulated in Condition 30. Exceedance of these specifications may be considered credible evidence of the exceedance of emission limits.
(9VAC5-80-110 and Condition 10 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)

37. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Recordkeeping** - The permittee shall maintain records of all emission data and operating parameters necessary to demonstrate compliance with this permit. The content and format of such records shall be arranged with the Director, Tidewater Regional Office. These records shall include, but are not limited to:
- Annual hours of operation of each emergency electrical generator, calculated monthly as the sum of each consecutive 12-month period. Compliance for the consecutive 12-month period shall be demonstrated monthly by adding the total for the most recently completed calendar month to the individual monthly totals for the preceding 11 months;
 - All fuel supplier certifications;
 - Engine information including make, model, serial number, model year, maximum engine power (bhp), and engine displacement for each engine-generator set;

- d. The manufacturer's written operating instructions or procedures developed by the owner/operator that are approved by the engine manufacturer for each engine-generator set;
- e. Records of the reasons for operation for each emergency electrical generator (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31), including, but not limited to, the date, cause of operation, cause of the emergency, and the hours of operation based on the non-resettable hour meter;
- f. Scheduled and unscheduled maintenance and operator training; and
- g. All records as required by 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ and/or 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII.

These records shall be available on site for inspection by the DEQ and shall be current for the most recent five (5) years.

(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-50 and Condition 14 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)

D. Testing

- 38. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Testing** - The emergency electrical generators (G-1 through G-3 and ISU-CB-31) shall be modified so as to allow for emissions testing upon reasonable notice at any time, using appropriate methods. Sampling ports shall be provided when requested at the appropriate locations and safe sampling platforms and access shall be provided.
(9VAC5-80-110, 9VAC5-50-30 and Condition 13 of 03/17/2014 NSR Permit)
- 39. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, G-3, & ISU-CB-31) - Testing** - If testing is conducted in addition to the monitoring specified in this permit, the permittee shall use the appropriate method(s) in accordance with procedures approved by the DEQ.
(9VAC5-80-110)

E. NSPS Subpart IIII

- 40. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - 40 CFR 60, Subpart IIII** - The emergency, diesel-fired, stationary compression ignition internal combustion engines (CI ICEs) (G-1 through G-3) shall be in compliance with 40 CFR 60 Subpart IIII as follows:
 - a. The permittee shall meet the emission standards for emergency engines as specified in 40 CFR 60.4205(b);
 - b. As per §60.4206, the permittee shall operate and maintain the stationary CI ICEs (G-1 through G-3) that achieve the emission standards as required in §60.4205 over the entire life of the engines;
 - c. The permittee shall only burn diesel fuel that meets the requirements of 40 CFR 80.510(b) for nonroad diesel fuel, as specified in §60.4207;
 - d. The permittee shall meet the monitoring requirements, as applicable, in §60.4209 and §60.4211;
 - e. The permittee shall comply with the applicable general compliance requirements according to §60.4211;
 - f. The permittee shall comply with the applicable testing requirements according to §60.4212;
 - g. The permittee shall meet the applicable requirements for notification, reporting, and recordkeeping according to §60.4214; and

- h. The permittee must operate the stationary CI ICEs according to the requirements in §60.4211(f)(1) and §60.4211(f)(3). In order for an engine to be considered as an emergency stationary ICE under 40 CFR 60 Subpart III, operations will be limited to emergency situations as specified in §60.4211(f)(1); maintenance checks and readiness testing for a limited number of hours per year as specified in §60.4211(f)(2)(i); and certain non-emergency situations for a limited number of hours per year as specified in §60.4211(f)(3). If the permittee does not operate the engine in accordance with these requirements, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and shall meet all requirements for a non-emergency engine.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 60 Subpart III)

F. MACT Subpart ZZZZ

41. **Electrical Generators (G-1, G-2, & G-3) - 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ** - The stationary CI ICEs (G-1 through G-3) located at an area source for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) shall be in compliance with 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ as follows:
- a. The permittee shall meet the requirements of 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ by meeting the requirements of 40 CFR 60 Subpart III as specified in 40 CFR 63.6590(c).
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ)
42. **Electrical Generator (ISU-CB-31) - 40 CFR 63, Subpart ZZZZ** - The stationary CI ICE (ISU-CB-31) located at an area source for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) shall be in compliance with 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ as follows:
- a. The permittee shall operate and maintain the stationary CI ICE and after-treatment control device (if any) according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions or develop a maintenance plan which must provide to the extent practicable for the maintenance and operation of the engine in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions, as specified in 40 CFR 63.6625(e);
 - b. The permittee shall change the oil/filter and inspect the hoses/belts every 500 operating hours or annually; inspect the air cleaner (CI) every 1,000 operating hours or annually;
 - c. The permittee may use an oil analysis program instead of a prescribed oil change frequency;
 - d. The permittee must operate the emergency stationary RICE according to the requirements in 63.6640(f)(1), §63.6640(f)(2)(i), and CFR 63.6640(f)(3)-(4). In order for an engine to be considered as an emergency stationary RICE under 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ, operations will be limited to emergency situations as specified in §63.6640(f)(1); maintenance checks and readiness testing for a limited number of hours per year as specified in §63.6640(f)(2)(i); and certain non-emergency situations for a limited number of hours per year as specified in §63.6640(f)(3)-(4). If the permittee does not operate the engine in accordance with these requirements, the engine will not be considered an emergency engine under this subpart and shall meet all requirements for a non-emergency engine; and
 - e. The permittee shall maintain all necessary records as required by 40 CFR 63.6656.
(9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 63 Subpart ZZZZ)

V. Gasoline Dispensing Facility (T-42)

A. MACT Subpart CCCCCC

43. **Gasoline Dispensing Facility (T-42) - 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC** - The gasoline dispensing facility (GDF) (T-42) with a monthly throughput of less than 10,000 gallons of gasoline, located at an area source for hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) shall be in compliance with 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC as specified in §63.11116, and summarized as follows:
- a. The permittee shall not allow gasoline to be handled in a manner that would result in vapor releases to the atmosphere for extended periods of time. Measures to be taken include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - i. Minimize gasoline spills;
 - ii. Clean up spills as expeditiously as practicable;
 - iii. Cover all open gasoline containers and all gasoline storage tank fill-pipes with a gasketed seal when not in use; and
 - iv. Minimize gasoline sent to open waste collection systems that collect and transport gasoline to reclamation and recycling devices, such as oil/water separators.
 - b. The permittee must have records available within 24 hours of a request to document gasoline throughput;
 - c. The permittee must comply with the requirements of this subpart by the applicable dates specified in §63.11113;
 - d. Portable gasoline containers that meet the requirements of 40 CFR 59, Subpart F, are considered acceptable for compliance with paragraph (a)(iii) of this section; and
 - e. Monthly throughput means the total volume of gasoline that is loaded into, or dispensed from, all gasoline storage tanks at each GDF during a month. Monthly throughput is calculated by summing the volume of gasoline loaded into, or dispensed from, all gasoline storage tanks at each GDF during the current day, plus the total volume of gasoline loaded into, or dispensed from, all gasoline storage tanks at each GDF during the previous 364 days, and then dividing that sum by 12.
 (9VAC5-80-110 and 40 CFR 63, Subpart CCCCCC)

VI. Insignificant Emission Units

44. **Insignificant Emission Units** - The following emission units at the facility are identified in the application as insignificant emission units under 9VAC5-80-720:

Emission Unit No.	Emission Unit Description	Citation	Pollutant(s) Emitted (9VAC5-80-720 B)	Rated Capacity 9VAC5-80-720 C)
ISU-CB-48	One (1) Portable gas-fired Emergency Electrical Generator (Honda 5000S)	9VAC5-80-720 C.1a	VOC	25,470 Btu/hr
ISU-T-49/50	Two (2) Distillate Oil ASTs (275 & 265 gallons)	9VAC5-80-720 B.2	VOC	N/A
ISU-T-33a/33b	Two (2) Distillate Oil ASTs 20,000 gallons each (installed after 1984)	9VAC5-80-720 B.2	VOC	N/A
ISU-T-32a/32b/32c/32d	Four (4) Distillate Oil ASTs 20,000 gallons each (installed prior to 1984)	9VAC5-80-720 B.2	VOC	N/A

These emission units are presumed to be in compliance with all requirements of the federal Clean Air Act as may apply. Based on this presumption, no monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting shall be required for these emission units in accordance with 9VAC5-80-110.

VII. Permit Shield & Inapplicable Requirements

45. **Permit Shield & Inapplicable Requirements** - Compliance with the provisions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with all applicable requirements in effect as of the permit issuance date as identified in this permit. This permit shield covers only those applicable requirements covered by terms and conditions in this permit and the following requirements which have been specifically identified as being not applicable to this permitted facility:

Citation	Title of Citation	Description of Applicability
40 CFR 60, Subpart O	NSPS for Sewage Treatment Plants	Incinerator that charges more than 2,205 lb/day of municipal sewage sludge (dry basis)
40 CFR 61, Subpart C	NESHAP for Beryllium	Incineration of Beryllium wastes
40 CFR 63, Subpart VVV	NESHAP for POTWs	New and reconstructed major HAPs POTWs
40 CFR 60, Subpart Kb	NSPS for Volatile Organic Storage Vessels	New and reconstructed tanks after 07/23/84 and capacity at or over 75 m ³ and less than 151 m ³ with vapor pressure less than 15.0 kPa.
9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 8	Emission Standards for Fuel Burning Equipment	Standards for PM and SO ₂ for fuel burning equipment
9VAC5 Chapter 40, Article 4	Emission Standards for General Process Operations	Standards for PM from any process unit and SO ₂ standard for combustion equipment

Nothing in this permit shield shall alter the provisions of §303 of the federal Clean Air Act, including the authority of the administrator under that section, the liability of the owner for any violation of applicable requirements prior to or at the time of permit issuance, or the ability to obtain information by (i) the administrator pursuant to §114 of the federal Clean Air Act, (ii) the Board pursuant to §10.1-1314 or §10.1-1315 of the Virginia Air Pollution Control Law or (iii) the Department pursuant to §10.1-1307.3 of the Virginia Air Pollution Control Law.
 (9VAC5-80-140)

VIII. General Conditions

46. **General Conditions - Federal Enforceability** - All terms and conditions in this permit are enforceable by the administrator and citizens under the federal Clean Air Act, except those that have been designated as only state-enforceable.
 (9VAC5-80-110 N)
47. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - This permit has a fixed term of five (5) years. The expiration date shall be the date five (5) years from the date of issuance. Unless the owner submits a timely and complete application for renewal to the Department consistent with the requirements of 9VAC5-80-80, the right of the facility to operate shall be terminated upon permit expiration.
 (9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170B)
48. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - The owner shall submit an application for renewal at least six (6) months but no earlier than eighteen months prior to the date of permit expiration.
 (9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170B)

49. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - If an applicant submits a timely and complete application for an initial permit or renewal under this section, the failure of the source to have a permit or the operation of the source without a permit shall not be a violation of Article 1, Part II of 9VAC5 Chapter 80, until the Board takes final action on the application under 9VAC5-80-150.
(9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170B)
50. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - No source shall operate after the time that it is required to submit a timely and complete application under subsections C and D of 9VAC5-80-80 for a renewal permit, except in compliance with a permit issued under Article 1, Part II of 9VAC5 Chapter 80.
(9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170B)
51. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - If an applicant submits a timely and complete application under section 9VAC5-80-80 for a permit renewal but the Board fails to issue or deny the renewal permit before the end of the term of the previous permit, (i) the previous permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied and (ii) all the terms and conditions of the previous permit, including any permit shield granted pursuant to 9VAC5-80-140, shall remain in effect from the date the application is determined to be complete until the renewal permit is issued or denied.
(9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170B)
52. **General Conditions - Permit Expiration** - The protection under subsections F 1 and F 5 (ii) of section 9VAC5-80-80 F shall cease to apply if, subsequent to the completeness determination made pursuant section 9VAC5-80-80 D, the applicant fails to submit by the deadline specified in writing by the Board any additional information identified as being needed to process the application.
(9VAC5-80-80 B, C, and F, 9VAC5-80-110 D, and 9VAC5-80-170 B)
53. **General Conditions -Recordkeeping and Reporting** - All records of monitoring information maintained to demonstrate compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit shall contain, where applicable, the following:
- a. The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - b. The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - c. The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - d. The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - e. The results of such analyses; and
 - f. The operating conditions existing at the time of sampling or measurement.
(9VAC5-80-110 F)
54. **General Conditions -Recordkeeping and Reporting** - Records of all monitoring data and support information shall be retained for at least five (5) years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Support information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, and copies of all reports required by the permit.
(9VAC5-80-110 F)
55. **General Conditions -Recordkeeping and Reporting** - The permittee shall submit the results of monitoring contained in any applicable requirement to DEQ no later than **March 1st** and **September 1st** of each calendar year. This report must be signed by a responsible official, consistent with 9VAC5-80-80 G, and shall include:
- a. The time period included in the report. The time periods to be addressed are January 1st to June 30th and July 1st to December 31st,

- b. All deviations from permit requirements. For purpose of this permit, deviations include, but are not limited to:
 - i. Exceedance of emissions limitations or operational restrictions;
 - ii. Excursions from control device operating parameter requirements, as documented by continuous emission monitoring, or periodic monitoring which indicates an exceedance of emission limitations or operational restrictions; or
 - iii. Failure to meet monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting requirements contained in this permit.
- c. If there were no deviations from permit conditions during the time period, the permittee shall include a statement in the report that “no deviations from permit requirements occurred during this semi-annual reporting period.”

(9VAC5-80-110 F)

56. **General Conditions - Annual Compliance Certification** - Exclusive of any reporting required to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit or as part of a schedule of compliance contained in this permit, the permittee shall submit to EPA and DEQ no later than March 1st each calendar year a certification of compliance with all terms and conditions of this permit including emission limitation standards or work practices for the period ending December 31st. The compliance certification shall comply with such additional requirements that may be specified pursuant to §114(a)(3) and §504(b) of the federal Clean Air Act. The permittee shall maintain a copy of the certification for five (5) years after submittal of the certification. This certification shall be signed by a responsible official, consistent with 9VAC5-80-80 G, and shall include:

- a. The time period included in the certification. The time period to be addressed is January 1st to December 31st;
- b. The identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
- c. The compliance status;
- d. Whether compliance was continuous or intermittent, and if not continuous, documentation of each incident of non-compliance;
- e. Consistent with subsection 9VAC5-80-110 E, the method or methods used for determining the compliance status of the source at the time of certification and over the reporting period;
- f. Such other facts as the permit may require to determine the compliance status of the source; and
- g. One copy of the annual compliance certification shall be submitted to EPA in electronic format only. The certification document should be sent to the following electronic mailing address:

R3_APD_Permits@epa.gov

(9VAC5-80-110 K.5)

57. **General Conditions - Permit Deviation Reporting** - The permittee shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office within four (4) daytime business hours after discovery of any deviations from permit requirements which may cause excess emissions for more than one (1) hour, including those attributable to upset conditions as may be defined in this permit. In addition, within 14 days of the discovery, the permittee shall provide a written statement explaining the problem, any corrective actions or preventative measures taken, and the estimated duration of the permit deviation. The occurrence should also be reported in the next semi-annual compliance monitoring report pursuant to Condition 55 of this permit.

(9VAC5-80-110 F.2 and 9VAC5-80-250)

58. **General Conditions - Failure/Malfunction Reporting** - In the event that any affected facility or related air pollution control equipment fails or malfunctions in such a manner that may cause excess emissions for more than one (1) hour, the owner shall, as soon as practicable but no later than four (4) daytime business hours after the malfunction is discovered, notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office by facsimile transmission, telephone or telegraph of such failure or malfunction and shall within 14 days of discovery provide a written statement giving all pertinent facts, including the estimated duration of the breakdown. Owners subject to the requirements of 9VAC5-40-50 C and 9VAC5-50-50 C are not required to provide the written statement prescribed in this paragraph for facilities subject to the monitoring requirements of 9VAC5-40-40 and 9VAC5-50-40. When the condition causing the failure or malfunction has been corrected and the equipment is again in operation, the owner shall notify the Director, Tidewater Regional Office.
(9VAC5-20-180 C)
59. **General Conditions - Severability** - The terms of this permit are severable. If any condition, requirement or portion of the permit is held invalid or inapplicable under any circumstance, such invalidity or inapplicability shall not affect or impair the remaining conditions, requirements, or portions of the permit.
(9VAC5-80-110 G.1)
60. **General Conditions - Duty to Comply** - The permittee shall comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the federal Clean Air Act or the Virginia Air Pollution Control Law or both and is ground for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or, for denial of a permit renewal application.
(9VAC5-80-110 G.2)
61. **General Conditions - Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense** - It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
(9VAC5-80-110 G.3)
62. **General Conditions - Permit Modification** - A physical change in, or change in the method of operation of, this stationary source may be subject to permitting under State Regulations 9VAC5-80-50, 9VAC5-80-1100, 9VAC5-80-1605, or 9VAC5-80-2000 and may require a permit modification and/or revisions except as may be authorized in any approved alternative operating scenarios.
(9VAC5-80-190 and 9VAC5-80-260)
63. **General Conditions - Property Rights** - The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.
(9VAC5-80-110 G.5)
64. **General Conditions - Duty to Submit Information** - The permittee shall furnish to the Board, within a reasonable time, any information that the Board may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. Upon request, the permittee shall also furnish to the Board copies of records required to be kept by the permit and, for information claimed to be confidential, the permittee shall furnish such records to the Board along with a claim of confidentiality.
(9VAC5-80-110 G.6)
65. **General Conditions - Duty to Submit Information** - Any document (including reports) required in a permit condition to be submitted to the Board shall contain a certification by a responsible official that meets the requirements of 9VAC5-80-80 G.
(9VAC5-80-110 K.1)

66. **General Conditions - Duty to Pay Permit Fees** - The owner of any source for which a permit under 9VAC5-80-50 through 9VAC5-80-300 was issued shall pay permit fees consistent with the requirements of 9VAC5-80-310 through 9VAC5-80-350 in addition to an annual permit maintenance fee consistent with the requirements of 9VAC5-80-2310 through 9VAC5-80-2350. The actual emissions covered by the permit program fees for the preceding year shall be calculated by the owner and submitted to the Department by April 15th of each year. The calculations and final amount of emissions are subject to verification and final determination by the Department. The amount of the annual permit maintenance fee shall be the largest applicable base permit maintenance fee amount from Table 8-11A in 9VAC5-80-2340, adjusted annually by the change in the Consumer Price Index. (9VAC5-80-110 H, 9VAC5-80-340 C and 9VAC5-80-2340 B)
67. **General Conditions - Fugitive Dust Emission Standards** - During the operation of a stationary source or any other building, structure, facility, or installation, no owner or other person shall cause or permit any materials or property to be handled, transported, stored, used, constructed, altered, repaired, or demolished without taking reasonable precautions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. Such reasonable precautions may include, but are not limited to, the following:
- a. Use, where possible, of water or chemicals for control of dust in the demolition of existing buildings or structures, construction operations, the grading of roads, or the clearing of land;
 - b. Application of asphalt, water, or suitable chemicals on dirt roads, materials stockpiles, and other surfaces which may create airborne dust; the paving of roadways and the maintaining of them in a clean condition;
 - c. Installation and use of hoods, fans, and fabric filters to enclose and vent the handling of dusty material. Adequate containment methods shall be employed during sandblasting or similar operations;
 - d. Open equipment for conveying or transporting material likely to create objectionable air pollution when airborne shall be covered or treated in an equally effective manner at all times when in motion; and,
 - e. The prompt removal of spilled or tracked dirt or other materials from paved streets and of dried sediments resulting from soil erosion.
- (9VAC5-40-90, 9VAC5-50-90, and 9VAC5-40-8240A)
68. **General Conditions - Startup, Shutdown, and Malfunction** - At all times, including periods of startup, shutdown, and malfunction, owners shall, to the extent practicable, maintain and operate any affected facility including associated air pollution control equipment in a manner consistent with air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether acceptable operating and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Board, which may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, opacity observations, review of operating and maintenance procedures, and inspection of the source. (9VAC5-50-20 E and 9VAC5-40-20 E)
69. **General Conditions - Alternative Operating Scenarios** - Contemporaneously with making a change between reasonably anticipated operating scenarios identified in this permit, the permittee shall record in a log at the permitted facility a record of the scenario under which it is operating. The permit shield described in 9VAC5-80-140 shall extend to all terms and conditions under each such operating scenario. The terms and conditions of each such alternative scenario shall meet all applicable requirements including the requirements of 9VAC5 Chapter 80, Article 1. (9VAC5-80-110 J)
70. **General Conditions - Inspection and Entry Requirements** - The permittee shall allow DEQ, upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to perform the following:
- a. Enter upon the premises where the source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records must be kept under the terms and conditions of the permit.
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the terms and conditions of the permit.

- c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit.
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements.

(9VAC5-80-110 K.2)

71. **General Conditions - Reopening for Cause** - The permit shall be reopened by the Board if additional federal requirements become applicable to a major source with a remaining permit term of three years or more. Such reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. No such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended pursuant to 9VAC5-80-80 F. The conditions for reopening a permit are as follows:
- a. The permit shall be reopened if the Board or the administrator determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit.
 - b. The permit shall be reopened if the administrator or the Board determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
 - c. The permit shall not be reopened by the Board if additional applicable state requirements become applicable to a major source prior to the expiration date established under 9VAC5-80-110 D.
- (9VAC5-80-110 L)
72. **General Conditions - Permit Availability** - Within five (5) days after receipt of the issued permit, the permittee shall maintain the permit on the premises for which the permit has been issued and shall make the permit immediately available to DEQ upon request.
(9VAC5-80-150 E)
73. **General Conditions - Transfer of Permits** - No person shall transfer a permit from one location to another, unless authorized under 9VAC5-80-130, or from one piece of equipment to another.
(9VAC5-80-160)
74. **General Conditions - Transfer of Permits** - In the case of a transfer of ownership of a stationary source, the new owner shall comply with any current permit issued to the previous owner. The new owner shall notify the Board of the change in ownership within 30 days of the transfer and shall comply with the requirements of 9VAC5-80-200.
(9VAC5-80-160)
75. **General Conditions - Transfer of Permits** - In the case of a name change of a stationary source, the owner shall comply with any current permit issued under the previous source name. The owner shall notify the Board of the change in source name within 30 days of the name change and shall comply with the requirements of 9VAC5-80-200.
(9VAC5-80-160)
76. **General Conditions - Permit Revocation or Termination for Cause** - A permit may be revoked or terminated prior to its expiration date if the owner knowingly makes material misstatements in the permit application or any amendments thereto or if the permittee violates, fails, neglects or refuses to comply with the terms or conditions of the permit, any applicable requirements, or the applicable provisions of 9VAC5 Chapter 80 Article 1. The Board may suspend, under such conditions and for such period of time as the Board may prescribe any permit for any grounds for revocation or termination or for any other violations of these regulations.
(9VAC5-80-190 C and 9VAC5-80-260)

77. **General Conditions - Duty to Supplement or Correct Application** - Any applicant who fails to submit any relevant facts or who has submitted incorrect information in a permit application shall, upon becoming aware of such failure or incorrect submittal, promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrections. An applicant shall also provide additional information as necessary to address any requirements that become applicable to the source after the date a complete application was filed but prior to release of a draft permit.
(9VAC5-80-80 E)
78. **General Conditions - Stratospheric Ozone Protection** - If the permittee handles or emits one or more Class I or II substances subject to a standard promulgated under or established by Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the federal Clean Air Act, the permittee shall comply with all applicable sections of 40 CFR Part 82, Subparts A to F.
(40 CFR Part 82, Subparts A-F)
79. **General Condition – Asbestos Requirements** - The permittee shall comply with the requirements of National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (40 CFR 61) Subpart M, National Emission Standards for Asbestos as it applies to the following: Standards for Demolition and Renovation (40 CFR 61.145), Standards for Insulating Materials (40 CFR 61.148), and Standards for Waste Disposal (40 CFR 61.150).
(9VAC5-60-70 and 9VAC5-80-110 A.1)
80. **General Condition - Accidental Release Prevention** - If the permittee has more, or will have more than a threshold quantity of a regulated substance in a process, as determined under 40 CFR 68.115, the permittee shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 68.
(40 CFR Part 68)
81. **General Conditions - Changes to Permits for Emissions Trading** - No permit revision shall be required under any federally approved economic incentives, marketable permits, emissions trading and other similar programs or processes for changes that are provided for in this permit.
(9VAC5-80-110 I)
82. **General Conditions - Emissions Trading** - Where the trading of emissions increases and decreases within the permitted facility is to occur within the context of this permit and to the extent that the regulations provide for trading such increases and decreases without a case-by-case approval of each emissions trade:
- a. All terms and conditions required under 9VAC5-80-110, except subsection N, shall be included to determine compliance.
 - b. The permit shield described in 9VAC5-80-140 shall extend to all terms and conditions that allow such increases and decreases in emissions.
 - c. The owner shall meet all applicable requirements including the requirements of 9VAC5-80-50 through 9VAC5-80-300.
- (9VAC5-80-110 I)

IX. State-Only Enforceable Requirements

83. **State-Only Enforceable Requirements** - The following terms and conditions are not required under the federal Clean Air Act or under any of its applicable federal requirements, and are not subject to the requirements of 9VAC5-80-290 concerning review of proposed permits by EPA and draft permits by affected states.
- Odor: 9VAC5-40-140 and 9VAC5-50-140
 - State Toxics Rule: 9VAC5-60-220 and 9 VAC5-60-320
 - Existing Source Standards for Hydrogen Sulfide: 9VAC5-40-290
- (9VAC5-80-110 N, 9VAC5-80-300, 9VAC5-40-8250, and 9VAC5-40-8260)